WNE Linear Algebra Final Exam Series A

1 February 2022

Problems

Please use separate files for different problems. Please provide the following data in each pdf file

- name, surname and your student number,
- number of your group,
- number of the corresponding problem and the series.

Each problem is worth 10 marks.

Problem 1.

Let $V = \lim((2,1,3), (1,1,-1), (-1,-1,1), (6,4,4))$ be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 .

- a) find a basis \mathcal{A} of the subspace V and the dimension of V,
- b) find a system of linear equations which set of solutions is equal to V.

Problem 2.

Let $V \subset \mathbb{R}^4$ be a subspace given by the homogeneous system of linear equations

 $\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 10x_3 - 2x_4 = 0\\ x_1 + x_2 + 7x_3 - x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$

- a) find a basis \mathcal{A} of the subspace V and the dimension of V,
- b) for which $t \in \mathbb{R}$ does the vector $v = (4, t^2, -1, 1)$ belong to V? For all such t find the coordinates of vector v relative to the basis \mathcal{A} .

Problem 3.

Let $\varphi \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ be a linear endomorphism given by the formula

$$\varphi((x_1, x_2)) = (-4x_1 + 3x_2, -6x_1 + 5x_2).$$

Let

$$A = M(\varphi)_{st}^{st}.$$

- a) find the eigenvalues of φ and bases of the corresponding eigenspaces. Is matrix A diagonalizable?
- b) compute A^{50} , where $A = M(\varphi)_{st}^{st}$.

Problem 4.

Let $\mathcal{A} = ((1,0), (1,-1)), \mathcal{B} = ((1,2), (1,3))$ be ordered bases of \mathbb{R}^2 . Let $\varphi \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$, $\psi \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ be linear transformations given by the matrices

$$M(\varphi)_{\mathcal{A}}^{st} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2\\ 2 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad M(\psi)_{st}^{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2\\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

a) find the formula of φ ,

b) find the matrix $M(\varphi \circ \psi)_{st}^{st}$.

Problem 5.

Let $V = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 = 0\}$ be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 .

- a) find an orthonormal basis of V,
- b) compute the orthogonal projection of w = (9, 0, 0) onto V.

Problem 6.

Consider the following linear programming problem $2x_1-x_2 \rightarrow \max$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_2 \leqslant 2 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 \leqslant 8 \end{cases} \text{ and } x_1, x_2 \ge 0.$$

- a) find the standard form of the problem and sketch the feasible region. Find a basic feasible set of the problem in the standard form.
- b) solve the linear programming problem using **simplex method**. Which vertex of the feasible region corresponds to the optimal solution?